## WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

A process for the manufacture of a compound of
 formula (II):

HO 
$$\sim$$
 R1 (II)

in which:

- R is a covalent bond or a hydrocarbon chain 10 comprising from 1 to 10 carbon atoms;
  - $\mathbb{R}^1$  is a hydrocarbon group comprising from 1 to 10 carbon atoms;
  - $R^2$  corresponds to a hydrogen atom and n is an integer between 0 and 2;
- 15 X is an atom chosen from the group consisting of carbon, nitrogen, oxygen and sulfur; comprising at least the following stages:
  - a) at least one compound of formula (I):

$$(R_2)n$$
HO .... OH (I)

- is reacted with an acylating agent in an organic solvent in the presence of a lipase of the class EC 3.1.1.3 from *Alcaligenes spp.*, so as to form the compound of formula (II);
  - b) the compound of formula (II) is isolated.

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- 2. The process as claimed in claim 1, characterized in that the lipase of the class EC 3.1.1.3 exhibits the following characteristics:
- enantiomeric excess of compound (II) of greater 30 than or equal to 50%;

- selectivity for compounds (II) and (III) of greater than or equal to 2;
- yield of compound (II) of greater than or equal to 40%; and
- 5 degree of conversion of the compound (I) of greater than or equal to 70%.
- 3. The process as claimed in either one of claims 1 and 2, characterized in that the lipase is chosen from the group consisting of the QL lipase from Alcaligenes sp. PL-266, registered under the number FERM-P No. 3187, and the PL lipase from Alcaligenes sp. PL-679, registered under the number FERM-P No. 3783.
- 15 4. The process as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 3, characterized in that the lipase is or is not immobilized on an appropriate solid support.
- 5. The process as claimed in claim 4, characterized in that the solid support is chosen from the group consisting of DEAE cellulose, DEAE sepharose, diatomaceous earth, silica, alumina, polypropylene and/or their mixtures.
- 25 6. The process as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 5, characterized in that the lipase is chosen from the group consisting of the QL, QLC, QLG, PL, PLC and PLG lipases.
- 7. The process as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 6, characterized in that R is a hydrocarbon chain comprising at least one unsaturation.
- 8. The process as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 7, characterized in that the compound of formula (I) is chosen from the group consisting of the compounds of formula (V), (VI) and/or (VII):

- 9. The process as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 8, characterized in that the proportion of lipase is between 0.1 and 30% by weight with respect to the weight of the compound of formula (I).
- 10. The process as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 9, characterized in that the organic solvent is chosen 10 from the group consisting of: ketones, such as acetone, methyl ethyl ketone, cyclohexanone, cyclopentanone and methyl isobutyl ketone (MIBK); ethers, such as methyl tert-butyl ether (MTBE) and tetrahydrofuran (THF); nitriles, such as acetonitrile; and aromatic compounds, such as toluene.
  - 11. The process as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 10, characterized in that the reaction medium of stage a) comprises water.
  - 12. The process as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 11, characterized in that the acylating agent is a compound of formula (VIII):

$$R^1$$
-COO- $R^3$  (VIII)

25 in which:

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- R<sup>1</sup> is defined above; and
- $\mathbb{R}^2$  is a hydrocarbon group comprising from 1 to 10 carbon atoms.

13. The process as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 12, characterized in that the acylating agent is chosen from the group consisting of acetates, benzoates and isobutyrates.

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- 14. The process as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 13, characterized in that the acylating agent is chosen from the group consisting of vinyl acetate, ethyl acetate, isopropyl acetate, 2,2,2-trifluoroethyl acetate and isopropenyl acetate.
- 15. The process as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 14, characterized in that the reaction of stage a) is carried out at a temperature of between -5 and 40°C.

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- 16. The process as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 15, characterized in that the duration of the enzymatic reaction of stage a) is between 1 and 24 hours.
- 20 17. The use of a compound of formula (II) obtained according to the process as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 16 as intermediate in the manufacture of a medicament or of a pharmaceutical.